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ALUSPRAY

Aluspray is an aerosol coating based on aluminium flakes. It can be applied either without primer on an old, non-corroded hot-dip galvanisation or metallisation layer or as topcoat on top of ZINGA. Aluspray is mainly applied for esthetical reasons as it gives a nice aluminium aspect.

PHYSICAL DATA AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION

WET PRODUCT

| Components | - Aluminium powder - Aromatic hydrocarbons - Binder |
|------------|---|
| Density | 0,656 Kg/dm³ (± 0,05 Kg/dm³) at 20°C |
| Propellant | Dimethylether |
| Content | Liquid |
| Flashpoint | -41°C (~ propellant) |
| VOC | 619 g/L |

DRY FILM

| Colour | Aluminium (~RAL 9006: comparable to hot-dip) |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Special features | Good resistance to mechanical shocks, abrasion and erosionVery economicalEfficient and solid |
| Temperature resistance dry film | - Minimum -40°C - Maximum +150°C |

PACKING

| F00 I | | |
|--------|-----------|--|
| 500 ml | Spray can | |
| 500 mL | Spray can | |
| | | |

CONSERVATION

| Shelf life | 4 years in original, unopened packing and shaken mechanically after 2 years. |
|------------|--|
| Storage | Store vertically in a dry place with a temperature between 5°C and 40°C (preferably at room temperature ±18°C) |
| | processes, accompanion = 10 or |

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CONDITIONS

SURFACE PREPARATION

| Surface preparation | - Aluspray can be applied on ferro-metals and (damaged) zinc surfaces For optimal performance, the metal should first be degreased, preferably by steam-cleaning. Alternatively, the surface can be degreased using solvent (e.g. Zingasolv), but never use white spirit. - For optimal performance, clean to SA 2,5 (ISO 8501:2007). For non-critical (small) areas, cleaning to St 3 is sufficient (using a steel brush). |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Roughness | - Aluspray should be applied on a metal substrate that has a roughness grade of fine to medium G (Rz 50 to 70 μm) according to the standard ISO 8503-2:2012. - This can be obtained by grit-blasting (with sharp particles) but not by shot-blasting (with spherical particles). Make sure that the surface is degreased before the grit-blasting. - This high degree of roughness is not needed when Aluspray is applied on a hot-dip galvanisation or a metallisation layer, or when it is applied on top of an existing ZINGA layer. Make sure zinc salts are removed from the surface to ensure a good electrochemical connection between the two layers. Old hot-dipped surfaces have adequate roughness, new hot-dipped surfaces require a sweep blast. - For small, non-critical areas, roughness can be obtained by using a steel wire brush. |
| Maximum time to application | Apply the Aluspray as soon as possible on the prepared metal substrate (max. 4 hours waiting time). If contamination occurs before coating, the surface must be cleaned again as described above. |

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS DURING APPLICATION

| Ambient temperature | - Minimum 5°C - Maximum 40°C |
|---------------------|--|
| Relative humidity | - Maximum 90% - Do not apply on a damp or wet surface |
| Surface temperature | - Minimum 3°C above the dew point. - No visual presence of water of ice - Maximum 60°C |

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL

| Shaking | Aluspray must be shaken thoroughly before application. Shake the can vigorously for minimum 30 seconds after liberating the balls. Repeat this every time the can is not used for some time. |
|-------------|--|
| Application | Keep the spray between 10 and 20 cm away from the substrate and move in a continuous speed from left to right. Repeat with a spray application from top to bottom. |
| Cleaning | Cleaning of equipment or spills with Zingasolv. |

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Ref.: Technische Fiches\TDS Aluspray.EN

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OTHER INFORMATION

COVERAGE AND CONSUMPTION

| Theoretical coverage | For 40 µm DFT: 4 m ² /L |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Practical coverage and consumption | Depends upon the roughness profile of the substrate and the application method |

DRYING PROCESS AND OVERCOATING

| Drying process | Aluspray dries by evaporation of the solvent. The drying process is influenced by the total WFT, the ambient air (humidity and temperature) and the steel surface temperatures. |
|--|---|
| Drying time | For 40 µm DFT at 20°C in a well-ventilated environment: » Touch dry: 15 minutes » Dry to handle: 1 hours » Fully cured: 48 hours |
| Overcoating with a new layer of Aluspray | Always apply 2 layers, apply the second coat 1 hour after touch dry. Maximum overcoat time depends on environmental conditions. If zinc salts have formed, they should first be removed. |

RECOMMENDED SYSTEM

| Unique system | Aluspray is advised for touch-up (HDG, metallisation or on ZINGA) and |
|---------------|--|
| | application on small areas only. |
| | It should be applied in two layers. |

For more specific and detailed recommendations concerning the application of Aluspray, please contact the Zingametall representative.

For detailed information about the health and safety hazards and precautions for use, refer to the Aluspray safety data sheet.

The information on this sheet is merely indicative and is given to the best of our knowledge based on practical experience and testing. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use or disposal of the product cannot be controlled by us and are therefore outside our responsibility. For these and other reasons we retain no liability in case of loss, damage or costs that are caused by or that are linked in any way to the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product. Any claim concerning deficiencies must be made within 15 days upon reception of the goods quoting the relevant batch number. We retain the right to change the formula if properties of the raw material are changed. This data sheet replaces all former specimens.